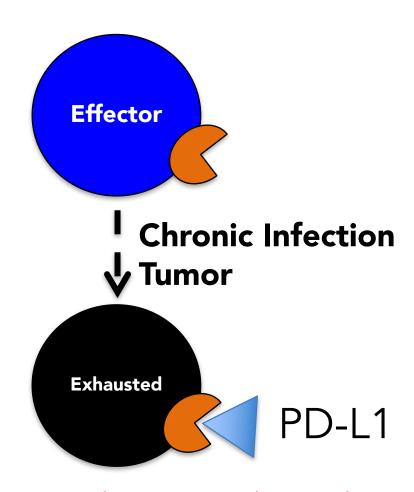
Chromatin and transcriptional dynamics of T-cell immunotherapy

Morgan Sammons, PhD

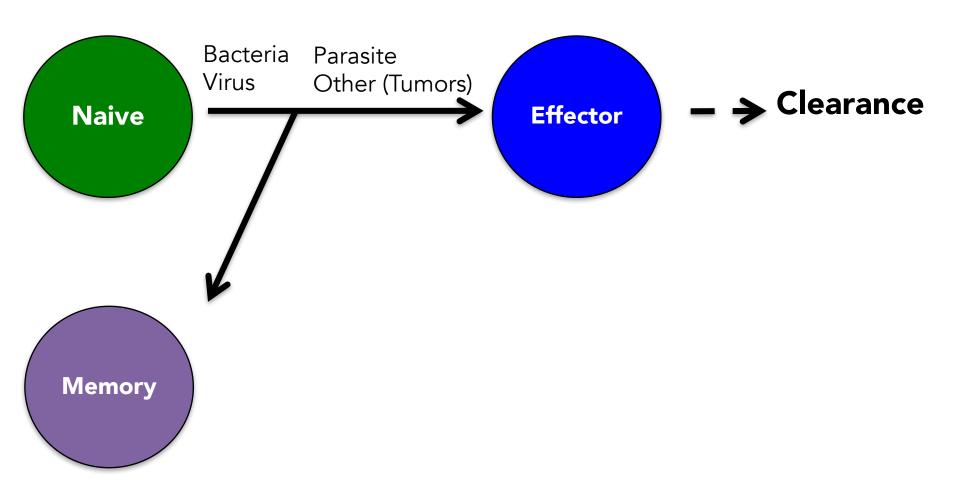
Assistant Professor of Biology Life Sciences 2075 masammons@albany.edu

Checkpoint blockade inhibition as an anti-cancer strategy

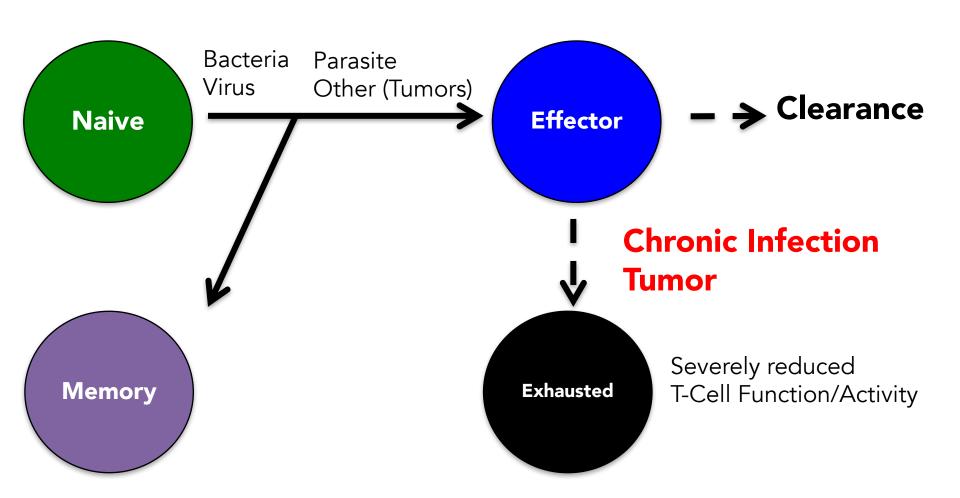


Drugs targeting PD1 and/or PD-L1 have shown efficacy in melanoma (and other cancers)

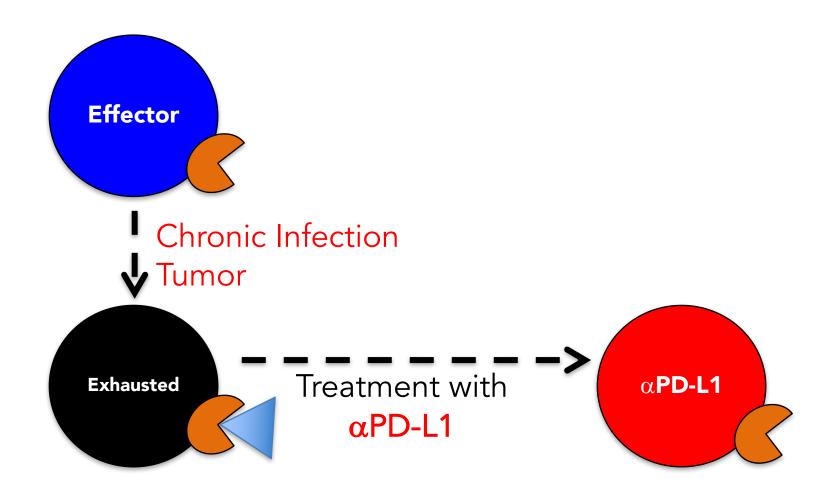
Genomics of T cell exhaustion (and reinvigoration)



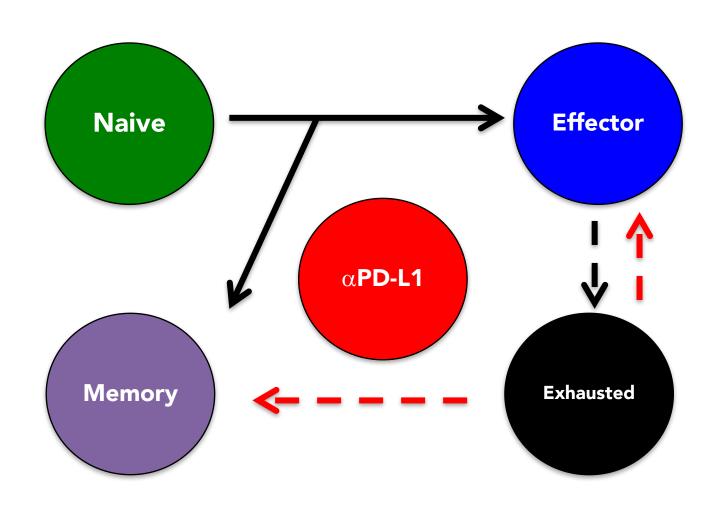
Genomics of T cell exhaustion (and reinvigoration)



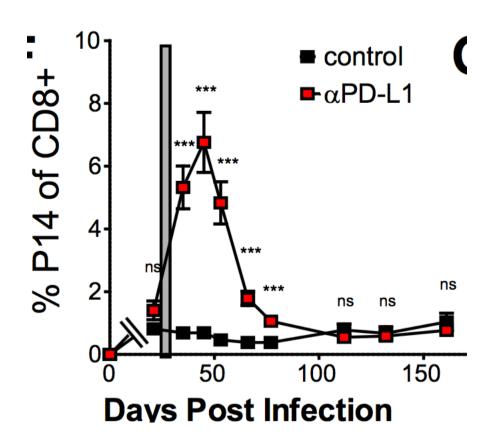
Genomics of T cell exhaustion (and reinvigoration)



Where do exhausted and α PD-L1 cells fit?

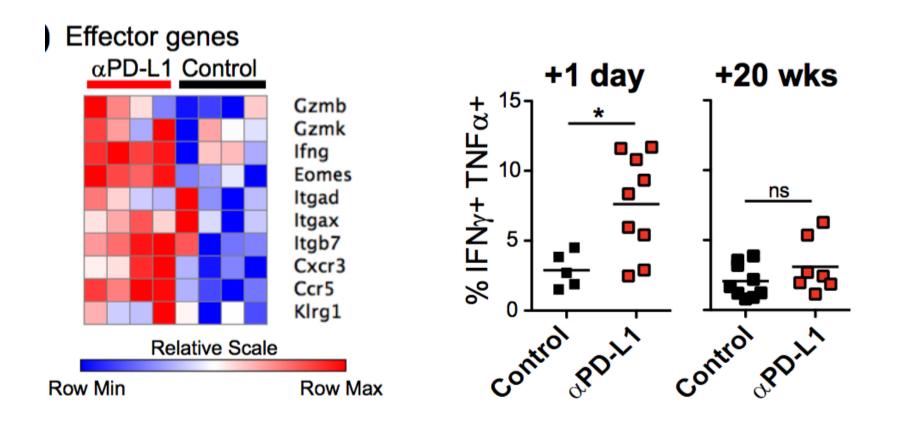


Experimental paradigm

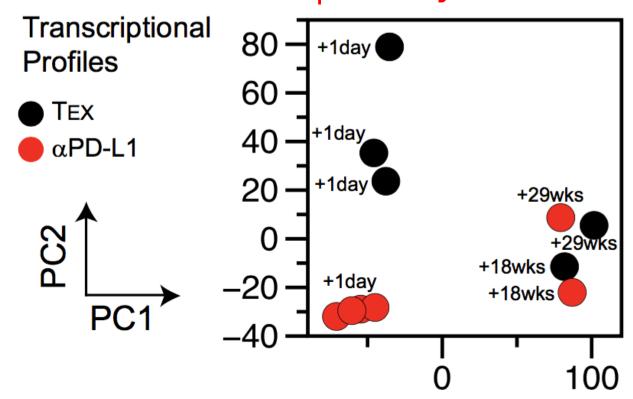


- Mice infected with chronic viral infection
- 2. T-cells allowed to exhaust
- 3. aPD-L1 is added for 1 day
- 4. Effector/cytotoxic T cell function is monitored for a really long time...

αPD-L1 treatment makes exhausted T-cells more "effector-like"



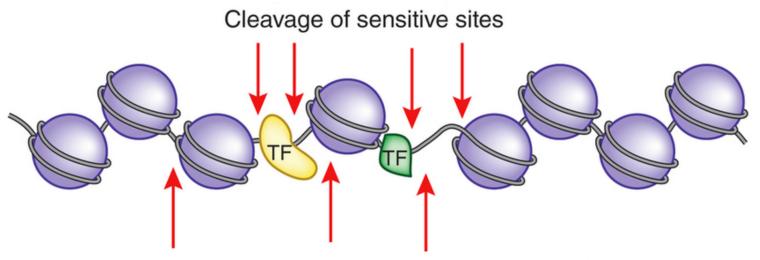
Exhausted T-cells treated with αPD-L1 rapidly remodel their transcriptometemporarily



Each sample above was from N=3 mice yeilding 10,000 total cells/per condition

Using ATAC-seq to assess lineage specific chromatin states in T cells

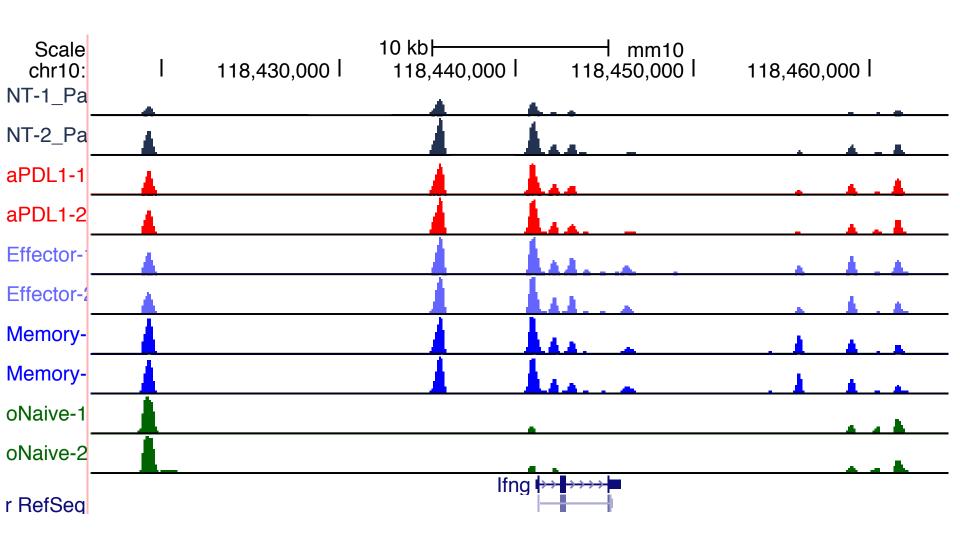
Tn5 transposase on intact nuclei (Illumina Nextera)



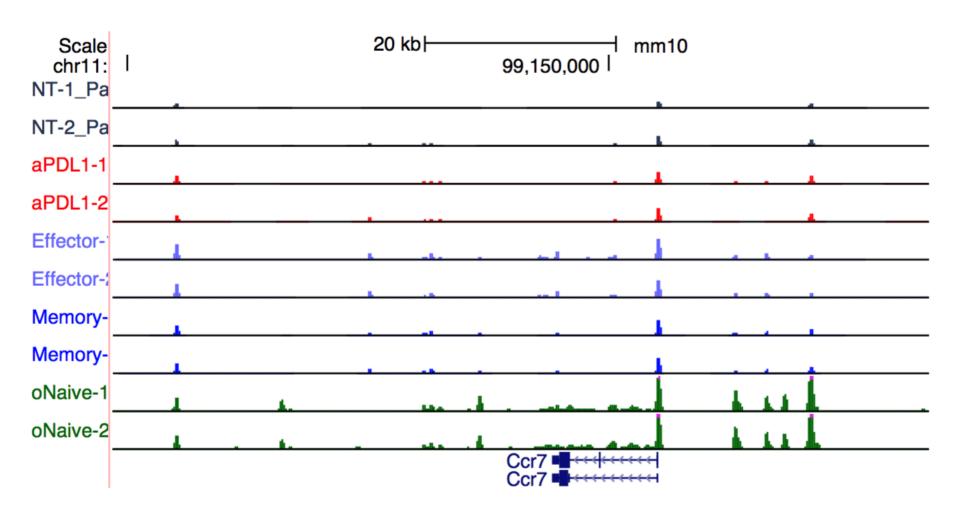
Map regulatory regions and assess lineage-specific patterns

N=10 pooled mice per replicate, 2 biological replicates for 5 T-cell populations

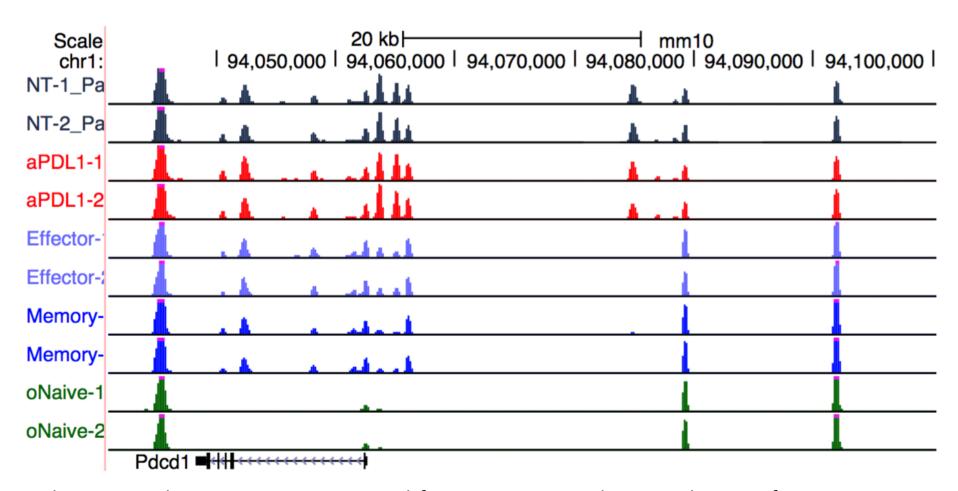
Activated T-cell specific pattern



Naïve-specific patterns

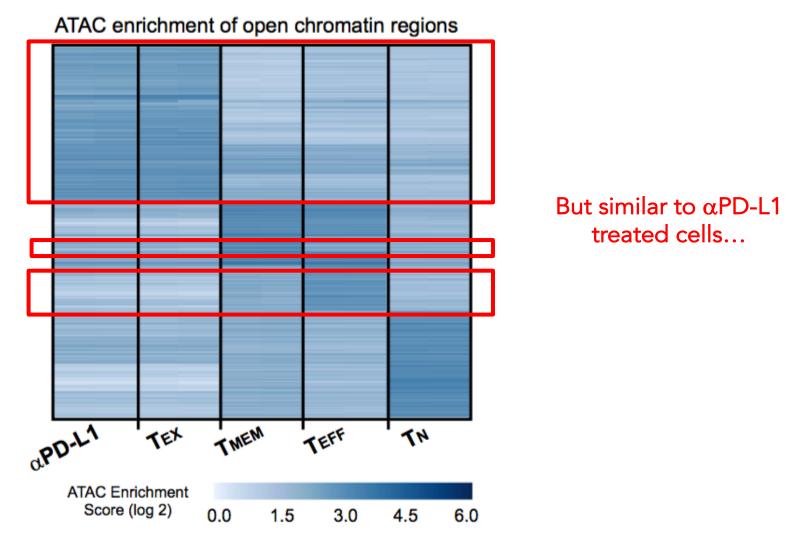


Exhausted T-cell specific pattern

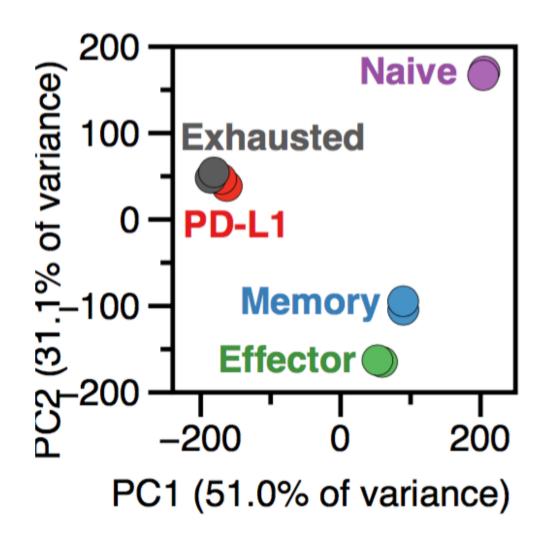


This new enhancer region is critical for transcriptional upregulation of PD-1 seen in exhausted T-cells. (companion paper from Haining Lab, Dana Farber)

Exhausted T-cells are highly dissimilar from T_{mem} , T_{eff} , or T_{naive} cells

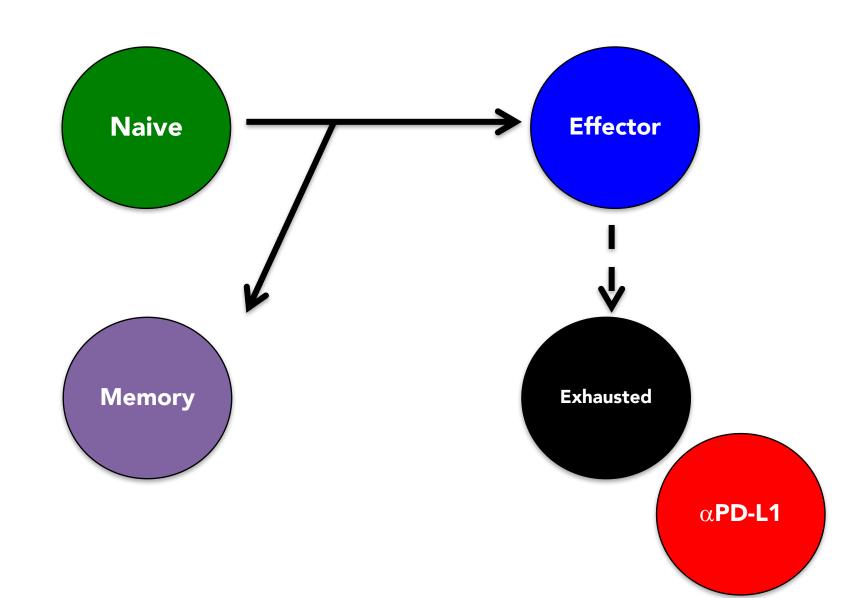


Exhausted T cells are a distinct lineage

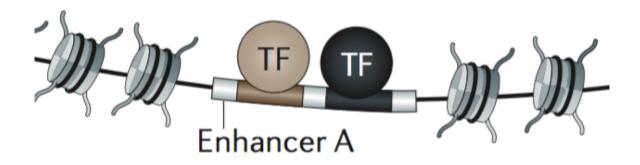


 α PDL-1 treatment does not lead to differentiation

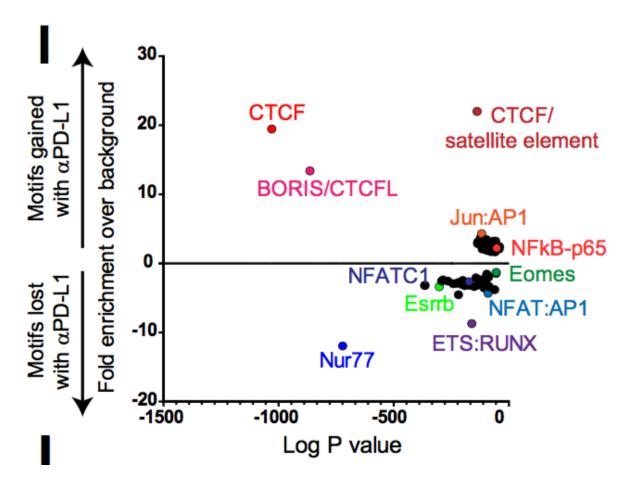
Where do exhausted and α PDL-1 cells fit?



Identifying (putative) transcription factor binding sites from ATAC-seq data



Nur77/NR4A1 motif-containing peaks are downregulated after α PDL-1 treatment



Nur77/NR4A1 is a pro-apoptotic TF in T cells

Summary of T cell exhaustion and reinvigoration with $\alpha PD-L1$

- Exhausted T cells treated with $\alpha PD\text{-L1}$ rapidly (and reversibly) convert to a "more effector T cell-like transcriptome state"
- This conversion is reversible, likely due to the lack of true epigenetic or sustained signaling changes.
- α PD-L1 treated cells do not appear to undergo a lineage transition (to T_{mem} or T_{eff} or naive)
- α PD-L1 treated cells appear to downregulate Nur77, a pro-apoptotic gene, ostensibly allowing them to fight on for longer.